

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		
10/629,398	07/29/2003	Sarah Zeller	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/027,376	07/29/2003		200209155-1	. 7218
	03/23/2006		EXAMINER	
HEWLETT PACKARD COMPANY			NCIMEN ANDVOLUM	
POBOX 2724	00, 3404 E. HARMON	NGUYEN, ANTHONY H		
FORT COLLIN	AL PROPERTY ADMINS, CO 80527-2400	IINISTRATION	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
I OILI COLLII	15, CO 80327-2400		2854	
			DATE MAILED: 03/23/2006	i

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/629,398					
		L	ZELLER ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
The MAILING	DATE of this communication and	Anthony H. Nguyen	2854				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any							
Status			·				
1) Responsive to	COmmunication(a) filed and						
2a)⊠ This action is F	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 January 2006</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is page final.						
3)☐ Since this appli	cation is in condition for allower	action is non-final.	•				
closed in accor	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Expanse Quarte 1935 Q.B. 11. 15.						
- Land Guayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213							
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3, 6-</u>	4) Claim(s) 1-3, 6-10 and 12-21 is/are pending in the application.						
Ta) Of the above	Ta) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from a second s						
	is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-3, 6-</u>	10 and 12-21 is/are rejected.						
/)L_I Claim(s)	is/are objected to						
8)LJ Claim(s)	are subject to restriction and/or e	election requirement					
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
1	- 1- oct triat any objection to the are	Wing(o) ha halat i					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner Note that the case of the correction is required.							
The Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO 453							
· Horry under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
,	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). 1 □ Continue * c) □ None of:						
The property documents have been received							
Oertified copies of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priority documents have been as a second of the priori							
The security documents have been							
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)		•					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)							
3) Information Disclosure Statement (19554) Paper No(s)/Mail Date							
	. (P1O-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	5) L_I Notice of Informal Patent	Application (PTO-152)				
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05)		6) Other:	,				
Office Action Summary							

Art Unit: 2854

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) a patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the

Claims 1,3,8, 10,12, 15,17 and 21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 (a) as being unpatentable over Sato (US 2002/0159805) in view of Hashimoto et al. (US 6,445,903).

With respect to claims 1,3,8,10,12, 15, 17 and 21, Sato teaches an image forming apparatus and a method for directing and passing a print media through a print mechanism 1 including a main paper path for guiding the print media through a fusing apparatus 151, a media flipper 52 which engages and drives the printed media in a first direction along the path 46 to a discharge tray 42 via a redirector 56 after printing on the media and in a second opposite direction toward one of the second path 45 to the discharge tray 43 and the third path to duplex path 152 via the path 46 (Sato, Figs.3,4,8,11,12, 18 and the paragraph [082]). Sato does not teach the stacker mounted in proximity to the fuser. Hashimoto et al. teaches a printer having a stacker 2 mounted in proximity to the fuser apparatus as shown in Figs.1 and 3 of Hashimoto et al. In view of the teaching of Hashimoto et al., it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the image forming apparatus of Sato by providing the stacker as taught by Hashimoto et al. to improve the efficiency of production of a printer.

Art Unit: 2854

Claims 2, 6, 9, 13, 16 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 (a) as being unpatentable over Sato in view of Hashimoto et al. as applied to claims 1,3,8, 10,12, 15,17 and 21 above, and further in view of Muraoka et al. (US 6,353,727).

With respect to claims 2, 9 and 16, Sato and Hashimoto et al. teach all that is claimed, except for the foldable tray for holding output. Muraoka et al. teaches a conventional foldable tray for holding output as shown in Figs. 4B and 8B in which the main tray is unobstructed by the foldable tray. In view of the teaching of Muraoka et al., it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the printer and steps of Sato and Hashimoto et al. by providing a foldable tray as taught by Muraoka et al. for reducing the size of a printer.

Claims 7, 14 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103 (a) as being unpatentable over Sato in view of Hashimoto et al. as applied to claims 1,3,8, 10,12, 15,17 and 21 above, and further in view of Katsuyama et al. (US 6,690,901).

Sato and Hashimoto et al. teach all that is claimed, except the print system which is a color print system. Katsuyama et al. teaches a printer having a color print system 5 as shown in Fig.2 of Katsuyama et al. In view of the teaching of Katsuyama et al., it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the printer and steps of Hashimoto et al. by substituting the color print system as taught by Katsuyama et al. for ensuring optimal print quality in place of the printing system 6,7 of Hashimoto et al.

Response to Arguments

Applicants' arguments filed on January 06, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive of any error in the above rejection.

Applicant argues that Sato and Hashimoto et al. do not teach or suggest the printer having the media flipper or driver that engages and moves media in a first direction along the paper

Art Unit: 2854

path or the second opposite direction towards one of a second path and a third path. Also, applicant argues that Sato and Hashimoto et al. do not teach or suggest the redirector (claim 1), the redirection means (claim 15) or director (claim 21). Specifically, applicant argues that Sato does not teach or suggest the sheet media which is reversed by the roller 52 or rollesr 54 and 57.

However, as explained above, Sato teaches clearly the print mechanism, a fuser, a media flipper which feeds a sheet of media in a main path in a first direction or in a second opposite direction towards one of the second path or the third path (as clearly shown in Sato, Figs.12, 14,15 and the paragraph [082]). Note that the flapper of Sato meets the structure of the redirector (claim 1) or redirection means (claim 15) or a director 56 (claim 21) that guides the sheet in the feeding path. Clearly, Sato teaches that the sheet is fed in opposite direction "by reversing the second sheet discharging roller 52" (Sato, paragraph [0081]) and "by using the sheet discharging path 46 also as the sheet reversing path" (Sato, paragraph[083]). Hashimoto et al. teaches clearly the stacker which is mounted in proximity to the fuser. Therefore, the combination of Sato and Hashimoto renders the structure as recited in claims 1,3,8, 10,12, 15,17 and 21.

Also, Muraoka teaches the conventional use of the foldable tray for holding the output therefore the combination of Sato, Hashimoto and Muraoka et al. renders the structure as recited in claims 2, 6, 9, 13, 16 and 19. Katsuyama et al. teaches the conventional use of the color print system therefore, the combination of Sato, Hashimoto and Katsuyama et al. renders the structure as recited in claims 7, 14 and 20.

Art Unit: 2854

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Anthony Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-2169. The examiner can normally be reached daily from 9 AM to 5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrew Hirshfeld, can be reached on (571) 272-2168.

The fax phone number for this Group is (571) 273-8300.

Anthony Nguyen 03/17/2006

Patent Examiner

Technology Center 2800